

## **ABSTRACT**

A method and system are presented for fast generation of one or more 2D DRRs of an object. 3D scan data of the object (such as CT scan data) are generated. A 3D fast Fourier transform  $F(u,v,w)$  is computed for a 3D scan volume  $f(x,y,z)$  within the 3D scan data, the scan volume  $f(x,y,z)$  having an orientation  $(\theta, \phi, \varphi)$ . The 3D Fourier transform data are resampled along a surface  $S(\theta, \phi, \varphi, u', v')$  at angles  $\theta, \phi, \varphi$  corresponding to the orientation of the scan volume. The surface  $S$  is a plane for parallel beam geometry. For cone-beam geometry, it is the surface of a sphere whose center is coincident with the imaginary origin of the X-rays for the projection. The 2D inverse Fourier transform  $F^{-1} [S(\theta, \phi, \varphi, u', v')]$  of the surface is computed, thereby generating a 2D DRR reconstructed along a projection direction perpendicular to the sample surface.